

GRAĐEVINSKI FAKULTET
SVEUČILIŠTA U SPLITU

KATEDRA ZA METALNE I DRVENE KONSTRUKCIJE
DRVENE KONSTRUKCIJE

KANDIDAT: BRANIMIR ČORIĆ
BROJ 1425

GRAĐEVINSKI FAKULTET
SPLIT

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|--------------------------|--------|---------|
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| Org. jed. | Broj | Prilozi |
| | 90-669 | |

Split, listopad 1997.

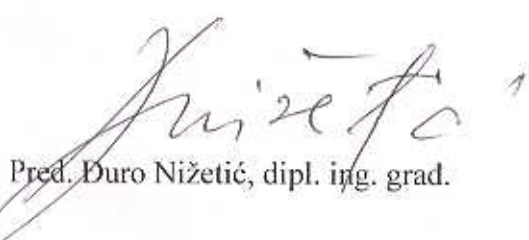
ZADATAK ZA DIPLOMSKI RAD

PJEŠAČKI MOST


Izradite izvedbeni projekt drvenog pješačkog mosta raspona 14.0 m, širine 2.0 m.
Glavni nosači LLN četineri I. klase, spajala vijci ČN 24.

Propisi : DIN 1052 i ostali važeći

Voditelj :


Pred. Đuro Nižetić, dipl. ing. grad.

Predsjednik povjerenstva
za diplomske radove :


Prof. dr. Jure Margeta, dipl. ing. grad.

2.0 GLAVNI NOSAČ

2.1 Opterećenje

| | |
|--|---|
| lijevani asfalt + hidroizolacija | $0.02\text{m} \times 1.0\text{m} \times 18\text{kN/m}^3 = 0.36 \text{ kN/m}'$ |
| šperploča..... | $0.02 \times 1.0 \times 10 = 0.2$ |
| talpe | $0.07 \times 1.0 \times 6 = 0.42$ |
| težina sekundarnog nosača..... | $0.5 (0.15 \times 0.56 \times 6 \times 0.9) = 0.23$ |
| vlastita težina | $0.2 \times 0.75 \times 6 = 0.9$ |
| pokretno opterećenje | $p = 5.0 \text{ kN/m}^2 \times 1.0\text{m} = 5 \text{ kN/m}'$ |

usvojeno $q_2 = 7.1 \text{ kN/m}'$

Maximalne sile

$$A=B=(q_2 L)/2=(7.1 \times 14)/2=49.7 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{\max}=(q_2 L^2)/8=(7.1 \times 14^2)/8=174 \text{ kNm} \quad E''=1100 \text{ kN/m}^2 \quad G''=50 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

2.2 Dimenzioniranje

$$f_{\text{dop}} > f \quad f_{\text{dop}} = L/250 = 1400/250 = 5.6 \text{ cm} \dots \dots \dots \text{dopušteni progib}$$

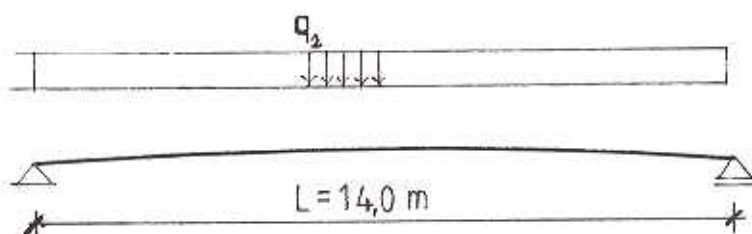
$$f = 5q_2 L^4 / 384 E'' I_{\text{pot}} \quad I_{\text{pot}} = (b h_{\text{pot}}^3) / 12 = 576539 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$\text{za } b=20 \text{ cm} \quad h_{\text{pot}} > 70.2 \text{ cm} \quad \text{usvojeno } h=75 \text{ cm}$$

$$I = (b h^3) / 12 = 703125 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$W = (b h^2) / 6 = 18750 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$A = b h = 1500 \text{ cm}^2$$



2.3 Kontrola naprezanja :

$$\sigma_{\text{md}} = \sigma_{\text{md}}^0 (30/h)^{1.9} = 1400 (30/75)^{1.9} = 1264.5 \text{ N/m}^2$$

$$\tau_{\text{max}} = 1.5 T_{\text{max}} / A = 1.5 \times 49.7 \times 1000 / 1500 = 49.7 \text{ N/cm}^2 < \tau_{\text{md}} = 120 \text{ N/cm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{\text{m}} = M_{\text{max}} / W = (174 \times 1000 \times 100) / 18750 = 928 \text{ N/m}^2 < \sigma_{\text{md}}$$

$$\sigma_t = h \sigma_{\text{m}} / 4R = 0.75 \times 9.28 \times 10^6 / (4 \times 50) = 34800 \text{ N/m}^2 = 3.48 \text{ N/cm}^2 < 25 \text{ N/cm}^2$$